The Ten-Point-Programme of the Halliwick Concept short version

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Point 1	Mental Adjustment	- 37	Learn to react appropriately to water. Of great Importance is adjustmant to fluidmechanics (buoyancy, flow conditions, waves) Breat control also is an important topic in this point
Point 2	Sagittal Rotation Control		The ability to control movements with left-right components around the sagittal axis of the body, especially in upright situations.
Point 3	Transversal Rotation Control	and the second s	The ability to control movements around a transverse axis of the body (with flexion – extension components), e.g.lying down, standing up,rocking in a chair position.
Point 4	Longitudinal Rotation Control		The ability to control movements around the longitudinal axis of the body. Especially important in supine: rolling over from supine to supine. Therapeutically, a counter-rotation is of higher importance.
Point 5	Combined Rotation Control	-	The ability to control a "corkscrew"movement around a combination of the previous axes, e.g rotating to supine while falling forward or when losing lateral stability.
Point 6	Upthrust / Mental Inversion	No and a second	The client should understand that the water supports and that he/she does not sink.

Point 7	Balance in Stillness	Maintaining a position in a stable and relaxed way without compensatory movements of arms or legs, e.g. stand, chair position, oblique, supine. This point focuses on efficient and effective postural control.
Point 8	Turbulent Gliding	The client glides in the wake of the instructor, who walks backward. The client has to control unwanted movements with head and trunk.
Point 9	Simple Progression	A smalll swimming movement with the hands as a preparation for a real propulsive activity. Important is to have automatic trunk control.
Point 10	Basic Halliwick Movement	A propulsive swimming movement with the arms (rowing). Individual adaptation because of impairment is allowed.